Next Selection Test: 4 hours 30 minutes

Oundle, May 27, 2003

- 1. Let p_1, p_2, \ldots, p_n be distinct prime numbers greater than 3. Show that $2^{p_1p_2...p_n} + 1$ has at least 4^n divisors.
- 2. Let ABC be a triangle for which there exists an interior point F such that $\angle AFB = \angle BFC = \angle CFA$. Let the lines BF and CF meet the sides AC and AB at D and E respectively. Prove that

$$AB + AC \ge 4DE$$
.

3. Let P be a cubic polynomial given by $P(x) = ax^3 + bx^2 + cx + d$, where a, b, c, d are integers and $a \neq 0$. Suppose that xP(x) = yP(y) for infinitely many pairs x, y of integers with $x \neq y$. Prove that the equation P(x) = 0 has an integer root.